



A High-Level Roundtable

on How Macro-Fiscal Policymaking Capabilities
Can Support Economic Growth



Side Event:

AfDB Annual meetings 10:30 – 12:45Hrs Radisson Blu; Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire May 28, 2025



09:30 - 10:00	Registration of Participants
10:00 – 10:15	Opening Session
Welcome and Opening Remarks	Prof. Victor Murinde, Executive Director, African Economic Research Consortium Mr. Adil Ababou, Senior Programme Officer, Gates Foundation
Round Table I 10:15– 10:45	Macro-Fiscal Policymaking: Why it Matters for Growth Macro-fiscal policy making can affect economic stability. A predictable and credible fiscal policy framework is a critical enabler of sustained investment. Uncertainty surrounding tax regimes, persistent budget deficits, and opaque debt trajectories deters both domestic and foreign investment. Countries with well-functioning macro-fiscal units are better equipped to assess rollover risks, navigate currency mismatches, and withstand interest rate shocks. This capacity shields their economies from abrupt adjustments and promotes steady, sustainable growth. Moreover, strong macro-fiscal capacity enables governments to implement counter-cyclical policies. With sound forecasting tools and fiscal buffers in place, policymakers can stimulate economic activity during downturns and consolidate during periods of expansion. This dampens output volatility, especially in economies vulnerable to commodity price shocks or fluctuations in external financing conditions.
	Macrofiscal policies can also aid, or impede, structural change that is essential for economic growth. Public investments can potentially tackle specific bottlenecks that prevent resources shifting to more productive uses. The design of the tax system affects the incentives of private firms, but also the volume of resources available for the provision of public goods. The management of debt, exchange rates and foreign currency reserves has implications for whether countries can benefit from international markets and technologies. Thoughtful macro-fiscal planning ensures that public spending is not only growth-enhancing but also inclusive. In this way, fiscal policy becomes a lever not only for economic transformation but also for social cohesion and long-term stability.
	 Brainstorming and deliberations in this session will provide rich arguments on the interface of academia and policymaking. This roundtable provides a space to reflect on relevant questions, including: What are some of the critical macro-fiscal policy levers for enabling economic growth? How can policymakers marry concerns for macroeconomic stability with the need for increasing economic productivity? How can policymakers come up with pragmatic policies that support growth and are politically feasible? How do policymakers need to adapt the design of macrofiscal policy to different economic structures and political realities?
	Moderator
	Dr. Abbi Kedir, Director of Research, African Economic Research Consortium

